

Proposal: 3-14-358

Council: 4/2015

Title: qBounce: Ramsey Spectroscopy to test Newtons Inverse Square Law at micron distances using UCN

Research area: Nuclear and Particle Physics

This proposal is a new proposal

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Samples: UCN

Instrument	Requested days	Allocated days	From	To
PF2 UCN	200	277	19/05/2016	16/07/2016
			18/09/2016	30/09/2016
			30/09/2016	07/10/2016
			04/11/2016	22/12/2016
			19/01/2017	08/03/2017

Abstract:

In the last years, gravity experiments have been experiencing a renaissance for several reasons: Modern astronomical observations clearly point to the existence of dark energy and dark matter. Their true nature and content remain a mystery however. Furthermore, prominent candidates to formulate a consistent quantum theory of gravitation require extra spatial dimensions.

The neutron is an ideal tool to answer such questions. More precisely, gravitational quantum states of ultra-cold neutrons connect gravity experiments at short distances with powerful resonance spectroscopy techniques. As in many other examples in science, this connection has the potential to an at least order-of-magnitude improvement in sensitivity.

Here, we propose to push the limits of the qBOUNCE experiments one step further and to apply Ramsey's Method of Separated Oscillating Fields². The measurement results will be used to test Newtonian Gravity on the 10-16 eV-level. This proposal is part of the joint research project AXION between the Austrian Science Fund FWF (H. Abele, Atominstiut) and the ANR (P. Geltenbort, ILL, ANR-2011-ISO4-007-02), for which an extension proposal will be submitted.

The experiment related to proposal 3-14-358 is on-going.
The experimental report will be provided after the end of the experiment.

Tobias JENKE
26.01.2018