## Experimental Report

Proposal:	4-01-1394	Council:	4/2014	
Title:	Approaching the bond-nematic quantum critical region in a 2D square lattice magnet			
This proposal is continuation of: 5-53-228				
Researh Area:	Physics			
Main proposer:	SKOULATOS MARKOS			
Experimental Team: SKOULATOS MARKOS				
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Samples:	BaCdVO(PO4)2			
Instrument	Req. Day	s All. Days	From	То
IN5	5	5	20/11/2014	25/11/2014
Abstract:				

Frustrated square-lattice antiferromagnets with competing interactions J1 and J2 are prototypical model system to study complex magnetic correlations. For the generalised J1-J2 model including ferromagnetic interactions new spin-liquid and bond-nematic phases are predicted by theory. We have been able to synthesize the compound BaCdVO(PO4)2 and recently proved on D7 that it lies right on the border of a columnar antiferromagnetic phase with the spin-nematic phase. Here we propose to investigate the magnetic excitations of this unique material and characterize the nature of its quantum fluctuations. A way of driving this material right inside the spin-nematic phase is also described. As a future plan, this phase will then be accessible to us with the new 10T option of IN5 in the coming year.

EXPERIMENT N°: 4-01-1394

**INSTRUMENT:** IN5

DATES OF EXPERIMENT: 20-25/11/2014

TITLE: Approaching the bond-nematic quantum critical region in a 2D square lattice magnet

EXPERIMENTAL TEAM: M. Skoulatos, B. Schmidt and A. Smerald

## LOCAL CONTACT: J. Ollivier

The frustrated square-lattice (FSL) S=1/2 Heisenberg antiferromagnet with nearestneighbour exchange constant  $J_1$  and next-nearest-neighbour exchange  $J_2$ , has long served as a paradigm for two-dimensional frustrated magnetism [1]. The so-called  $J_1$ - $J_2$  model first came to prominence due to its connection to the high-temperature superconducting cuprates. The more recent discovery of high- $T_C$  superconductivity in pnictides [2,3] has increased interest in this model, since it may play a key role for the magnetism on the square Fe sublattice [4,5]. The frustrated square-lattice model is characterized by the frustration ratio  $\alpha=J_2/J_1$ , and the energy scale is given by  $f_c = \sqrt{f_1^2 + f_2^2}$ . When the exchange constants are antiferromagnetic (AF) and  $\alpha \approx 0.5$  the ground state is believed to be a valence bond solid in which spins form tightly bound singlets on nearest-neighbour bonds [6]. On the other hand, calculations for ferromagnetic (FM)  $J_1$  and AF  $J_2$  predict d-wave bond-nematic order for  $\alpha \approx$ -0.5 [7,8].

There are now several experimental realisations of spin-1/2 magnets on a square lattice where both  $J_1$  and  $J_2$  interactions play an important role [9], however only one material is known lying close to the so called spin-nematic region: BaCdVO(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> [10].

We studied the spin spectrum on IN5 as a function of wavelength and temperature at zero-field. Antiferromagnetic (AF) excitations were found at the lowest temperatures, with typical spectra shown in Fig. 1. These are background subtracted, corrected and normalised.

Having identified the ground state, we are in a position to drive the system with a magnetic field into the spin-nematic region. Theory predictions for this new phase exist and will enable us to handle the data correctly.



**Fig. 1:** Excitation spectrum of BaCdVO(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> at two different wavelength settings at zero-field. The system lies on the border of the spin-nematic phase, but still in the columnar AF region. With IN5 it was possible to measure these weak AF signals.

## **References:**

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