Proposal:	5-21-1	101			<b>Council:</b> 4/2015		
Title:	Structu	Structure refinement of the CaThF6compound					
Research area: Chemistry							
This proposal is a new proposal							
Main proposer	:	Philippe RAISON					
Experimental t	eam:	Philippe RAISON					
		Elisa CAPELLI					
Local contacts:		Emmanuelle SUARD					
Samples: CaThF6							
Instrument			Requested days	Allocated days	From	То	
D2B			1	1	24/11/2015	25/11/2015	

## Abstract:

We have investigated the crystal structure of the CaThF6 compound that was prepared in our laboratory. In that regard we performed a Rietveld analysis on X-ray diffraction data. CaThF6 is isostructural to LaF3. However several controversial structures have been reported for LaF3. The currently accepted structure is the one determined from a combination of X-ray and neutron diffraction experiments on single crystal. The space group is reported to be P-3c1 (N°= 165) and Z=4. However several authors have indexed the X-ray pattern of LaF3 in the hexagonal system with the space group P63cm (N°185). In our refinement both models were tested but X-ray cannot tell the difference from a polycrystalline material. A simulation with neutron diffraction data showed that such experiment would unambiguously identify the correct space group. Because thorium is a heavy element, the sensitivity on the Fluoride positions could be greatly enhanced by the use of neutrons. We thus propose to combine X-ray and neutron diffraction data and to perform a simultaneous X-ray and neutron Rietveld analysis. Besides, neutron diffraction will unambiguously identify the correct space group

## **Preliminary report**

Experiment: 5-21-1101 Compound: CaThF6 Dates: 24th Nov- 25th Nov. 2015 Instrument: D2B Local contact: Emmanuelle Suard Users: Philippe Raison, Elisa Capelli

This neutron diffraction experiment was aimed at investigating the crystal structure of the CaThF<sub>6</sub> compound. CaThF<sub>6</sub> is isostructural to LaF<sub>3</sub>, however several controversial structures have been reported for LaF<sub>3</sub>. The currently accepted structure is the one determined from a combination of X-ray and neutron diffraction experiments on single crystal. The space group is reported to be P-3c1 (N°= 165) and Z=4. However several authors have indexed the X-ray pattern of LaF<sub>3</sub> in the hexagonal system with the space group P6<sub>3</sub>cm (N°185). In our refinement both models have tested based on X-ray data but X-ray cannot tell the difference from a polycrystalline material. The neutron diffraction was aimed to identify unambiguously the correct space group. The experiment went very well. Here below the neutron diffraction pattern at room temperature. Analysis of the data is underway.



Both samples (experiment 5-21-1100 and 5-21-1101) have been encapsulated in air-tight vanadium containers as shown here-after.



The transportation of the samples between ITU and ILL took place on Nov.  $17^{\text{th}}$  2015. (VRM 201/15) based on the ITU-ILL agreement N°33138. The samples should return ITU in the coming months.