Proposal:	5-31-2802	<b>2802</b> Council: 4/2020				
Title:	Neutron powder diffraction study on Fe(II)-azido layered magnetic honeycombs					
Research area: Physics						
This proposal is a new proposal						
Main proposer: Zhendong FU						
Experimental t	eam:					
Local contacts:	Thomas HANSEN Emmanuelle SUARD Vivian NASSIF					
Samples: [Fe(4-Etpy)2(N3)2]n						
Instrument		Requested days	Allocated days	From	То	
D20		2	0			
D1B		2	1	02/09/2020	03/09/2020	
D2B		2	0			
Abstract:						

By linking Fe(II) ions with azido bridges, a 2D magnetic layered complex [Fe(4-Etpy)2(N3)2]n has been synthesized. It is the first pure 2D Fe(II)-azido polymer as well as the first example of Fe(II) layer with honeycomb topology. The magnetic susceptibility and the neutron flipping ratio data suggest that two ferromagnetic phase transitions possibly occur at 28 K and 39 K. The ac susceptibility also indicates that a spin glass behavior may take place at around 25 K. Due to the lack of inter-layer exchange pathways, the occurrence of long-range magnetic order is unlikely. Neutron powder diffraction measurements with higher resolution and more investigated temperatures will be necessary to reveal the nature of the complicated magnetism of this 2D magnetic system.

## Experimental report: Neutron powder diffraction study on Fe(II)azido layered magnetic honeycombs (Proposal 5-31-2802)

By linking Fe(II) ions with azido bridges, a 2D magnetic layered complex [Fe(4-Etpy)<sub>2</sub>(N<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]n has been synthesized. It is the first pure 2D Fe(II)-azido polymer as well as the first example of Fe(II) layer with honeycomb topology. The dc susceptibility and the neutron flipping ratio data suggest that two ferromagnetic phase transitions possibly occurred at 28 K and 39 K. The ac susceptibility also indicates that a re-entrant spin glass behaviour may take place at around 25 K. Due to the lack of inter-layer exchange pathways, the occurrence of long-range magnetic order is unlikely. In order to reveal the nature of its complicated magnetism, we have performed high-resolution neutron powder diffraction on D1B.

We have measured the neutron powder diffraction (NPD) spectra from powders of  $[Fe(4-Etpy)_2(N_3)_2]n$  on D1B at various temperatures from 15 to 100 K. The NPD spectra for 15, 26.5, 29.5, 37.4, 40 and 100 K are shown in the figures below. All spectra can be well fitted by the nuclear contributions only. The difference between the spectra for 15 and 40 K is also shown and found negligible as compared to the total intensities. Therefore, we conclude that there is no long-range magnetic order observed within the investigated temperature range.





-3000 20 40 60 80 100 2 theta