Experimental report

Proposal:	DIR-255			Council: 4/2021		
Title:	Search for topological magne	arch for topological magnetic order in GdSbxTe2-x square-net antiferromagnet				
Research area: Physics						
This proposal is a new proposal						
Main proposer	Igor PLOKHIKH					
Experimental team: Igor PLOKHIKH						
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Samples: natGdSb0.53Te1.45						
Instrument		Requested days	Allocated days	From	То	
D9		10	5	30/09/2021	07/10/2021	
Abstract:						
Ongoing research on antiferromagnetic topological semimetal system GdSbxTe2-x suggests that this material is an ideal platform to study the interplay between crystal symmetry, band filling, charge density wave, and magnetism in a topological semimetal.						

By establishing the nature of magnetically ordered phases evolving in well characterised single-crystal of

GdSbxTe2-x with temperature and field, we plan to uncover the skyrmion state supposedly existing in this material based on bulk macroscopic measurements. As Gd is a strong neutron absorber we ask for the hot neutron diffractometer D9 with 0.5 neutron wavelength.

Search for topological magnetic order in GdSb_xTe_{2-x} square-net antiferromagnet

GdSb_{0.46}Te_{1.48}, a nonsymmorphic Dirac semimetal with Dirac nodes at the Fermi level, has a reach magnetic phase diagram with one of the phases predicted to be an antiferromagnetic skyrmion state. In the current work, we investigate GdSb_{0.71}Te_{1.22} through bulk magnetization measurements, single-crystal and synchrotron X-ray powder diffraction, as well as single-crystal neutron diffraction. At 2 K the magnetic structure is modulated with two propagation vectors, $k_I = (0.45 \ 0 \ 0.45)$ and $k_{II} = (0.4 \ 0 \ 0)$, with all their arms visible. While k_I persists up to the transition to the paramagnetic state at T_N = 12 K, k_{II} disappears above an intermediate magnetic transition at T₁ = 5 K. Whereas magnetic field applied along the *c*-axis has only a weak effect on the intensity of antiferromagnetic component on Gd atoms. We refine possible magnetic structures of GdSb_{0.71}Te_{1.22} and discuss the possibility of hosting magnetic textures with non-trivial 3D+2 topologies in the GdSb_{1-x}Te_{1+x} series.



Figure 1. (left) temperature dependence of the intensities of selected magnetic reflections for k_I and k_{II} and (right) field dependence of selected magnetic reflections corresponding to different arms of k_I .