Proposal:	oposal: EASY-858		Council: 10/2020				
Title:	Crystal structure and magnetic ground state of novel Mn3MnTa2O9 high pressure triple perovskite.						
Research area: Materials							
This proposal is a new proposal							
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Experimental team:							
Local contacts:		Clemens RITTER					
Samples: Mn3MnTa2O9							
Instrument		Requested days	Allocated days	From	То		
D20			12	12	14/05/2021	15/05/2021	
Abstract:							

Ambient pressure Mn4Nb2O9 and Mn4Ta2O9 are well known multiferroic materials. The high pressure (HP) modification of Mn4Nb2O9 (Mn3MnNb2O9) crystallises with a triple perovskite (TPv) structure, with A sites occupied by Mn2+ and B sites by perfectly 1:2 ordered Mn:Nb, thus notable as the first A-site manganite with TPv structure.

Three transitions at TN = 52 K, TR = 29 K and TL = 4.2 K are observed for Mn3MnNb2O9 from magnetic susceptibility and heat capacity data. D20 NPD data revealed the spins align into a colinear AFM structure at TN, modulate below TR into a complex SDW with kR = [kx 0 kz] continuously evolving down to a locked phase with $kL = [\frac{1}{3} 0 -]$.

HP Mn3MnTa2O9 crystallises with isostructural TPv (S.G. Cc, a = 9.92(1)Å, b = 5.33(1)Å, c = 13.24(1)Å and $\beta = 92.8(1)^{\circ}$). Magnetic susceptibility shows three transitions at 52.6 K, 30.9 K and 22.8 K, presumably alike those of the Nb analogue. Only the two first are observed from heat capacity, suggesting a different nature of the third one. A D20 long scan is requested on Mn3MnTa2O9 at 300 K using $\lambda = 1.59$ Å for accurate structural determination and a low temperature scan using $\lambda = 2.41$ Å to confirm the magnetic ground state.

Crystal structure and magnetic ground state of novel Mn₃MnTa₂O₉ high pressure triple perovskite.

Elena Solana Madruga

Mn₄Nb₂O₉ and Mn₄Ta₂O₉ are well known as multiferroic materials when prepared under ambient pressure conditions. A complex monoclinic distortion of the cubic perovskite structure had recently been observed for the high-pressure modification of Mn₄Nb₂O₉ (HP-Mn₃MnNb₂O₉) with *Cc* space group and $a = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}a_c$, $b = \sqrt{2}a_c$ and $c = 2\sqrt{3}a_c$ cell parameters. It was reported as the first A-site manganite with triple perovskite (TPv) structure and 1:2 (Mn:Nb) B-site order. A complex magnetic behaviour with three subsequent transitions was observed, where the spins align into a colinear AFM structure with propagation vector [0 0 0], modulate into a complex SDW with $k = [k_x 0 k_z]$ propagation vector continuously evolving down to a locked phase with $k_L = [\frac{1}{2} 0 - \frac{1}{6}]$ at low temperature.

In this experiment, the related HP-Mn₃MnTa₂O₉ was measured. High resolution NPD data were collected on D20 at 300 K (Fig. 1a) for accurate structural characterisation using the 90° take-off angle and $\lambda = 1.54$ Å in the 0° < 20 < 150° angular range with a 0.05° step size. Thermodiffraction studies were performed from D20 high intensity data collected at the take-off angle of 42° on ramping from 1.5 to 70 K using $\lambda = 2.41$ Å (Fig. 1b). Magnetic structures (Fig. 1c) were determined from 1.5 K and 40 K long scans collected under the same conditions.

The data collected from this EASY experiment enabled the structural characterisation, confirming the TPv structure with Cc space group (Fig. 1a bottom) and the determination of the complex ground magnetic structure and its thermal evolution, similar to that reported for the related niobate. The results were soon published on *J. Mater. Chem. C*, **2021**, 9, 14916, where the experiment's DOI (10.5291/ILL-DATA.EASY-858) is included in the acknowledgements section.

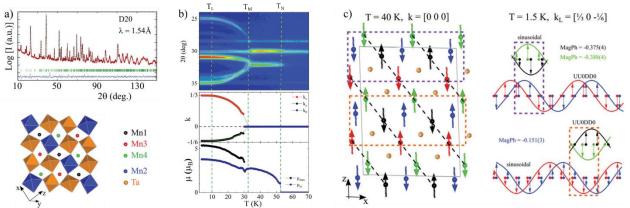


Figure 1. a) Rietveld fit against D20 high resolution NPD data collected at 300 K (top) and refined TPv structure of HP-Mn₃MnTa₂O₉ (bottom). b) Thermodiffraction data collected in high intensity mode selected in 24 $^{\circ}$ < 2 θ <36 $^{\circ}$ range along with refined propagation vector and magnetic moment. c) Magnetic structures refined at 40 K and 1.5 K.